BACK

BIOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION

Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona

Prepared by:

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Prepared For:

Western Technologies, Inc. and Arizona Department of Veterans Services

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I. PROJECT LOCATION

The project area is located just south of the main gate and on the eastern boundary of Fort Huachuca, Arizona. The proposed Veterans Cemetery is located in Township 22 South, Range 20 East and in Sections 3 and 10.

II. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Veterans Cemetery will occupy 130 acres of desert grassland. The cemetery will have a road system and other development normally associated with cemeteries. Due to the water-use mitigation measures planned by the city of Sierra Vista in conjunction with Arizona Department of Veterans Services (ADVS), water used at the cemetery at buildout would be offset by these proposed measures. Section 5 of the Environmental Assessment for the proposed cemetery describes the proposed mitigation measures. Therefore, there would be no net effect on the San Pedro River.

The effects of the cemetery project on listed wildlife species were based on a zeroed out water use. Thus, there would be no effect on those species associated with the San Pedro River, off-site of the project area.

III. SPECIES IDENTIFICATION

The project site is located in Chihuahuan semidesert grassland. There is some evidence of past and present military traffic across the project area, but the site in general is a good example of semidesert grassland.

The most conspicuous perennials are *Prosopis glandulosa* (mesquite), *Eragrostis lehmanniana* (Lehman lovegrass), *Acacia greggii* (cat-claw acacia), *Opuntia phaeacantha* (prickly-pear), *Baccharis pteronioides* (Yerba-de-Pasmo), and *Yucca elata* (soap-tree yucca). Other common perennials and annual grass and weed are listed in the following Table 1.

The area is rich in grassland bird species (Table 2). Grasslands also provide foraging sites for hawks such as the Northern Harrier (*Circus cyaneus*) and American kestrel (*Falco sparverius*) which were observed during fieldwork. A few examples of the many other raptors that may potentially use grasslands to forage for birds or small mammals including the Swainson's hawk (*Buteo swainsoni*), red-tail hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*), and wintering ferruginous hawk (*Buteo regalis*) (Cody, 1985). The peregrine falcon (*Falco peregrinus*), prairie falcon (*Falco mexicanus*), and merlin (*Falco columbarius*) may also forage in grassland habitat. Undisturbed grasslands hold more prey than ranchland or cultivated lands (Newton, 1979). Therefore, if the area or portions of it are maintained as natural grassland, habitat will be preserved for the passerines, small mammals, and hawks that use the area.

Table 1. Plants found during fieldwork.

Family	Genus	species	Common Name
Agavaceae	Agave	palmeri	Century Plant
Agavaceae	Yucca	elata	Soaptree
Amaranthaceae	Amaranthus	hybridus	Pigweed
Asteraceae	Ambrosia	psilostachya	Ragweed
Asteraceae	Baccharis	pteronioides	Yerba-de-Pasmo
Asteraceae	Baccharis	sarothroides	Desert Broom
Asteraceae	Heterotheca	subaxillaris	Telegraph Plant
Cactaceae	Echinocereus	fendleri	Hedgehog
Cactaceae	Mammillaria	heyderi	Pincushion Cactus
Cactaceae	Opuntia	phaeacantha	Prickley Pear
Cactaceae	Opuntia	spinosior	Cane Cholla
Cucubitaceae	Apodanthera	undulata	Melon Loco
Ephedraceae	Ephedra	trifurca	Long-leafed Joint-fir
Fabaceae	Acacia	greggii	Catclaw
Fabaceae	Acacia	sp.	
Fabaceae	Prosopis	glandulosa	Mesquite
Geraniaceae	Erodium	cicutarium	Filaree
Loranthaceae	Phoradendron	californicum	Mistletoe
Martyniaceae	Proboscidea	parviflora	Devils-claw
Poaceae	Bothriochloa	barbinodis	Beardgrass
Poaceae	Bouteloua	gracilis	Blue Grama
Poaceae	Chloris	virgata	Feather Fingergrass
Poaceae	Eragrostis	lehmanniana	Lehman Lovegrass
Poaceae	Sorghum	halepense	Johnson Grass
Polygonaceae	Eriogonum	fasciculatum	Buck brush
Solanaceae	Solanum	elaeagnifolium	Silverleaf Nightshade

Table 2. Bird species found during fieldwork.

Common Name	Genus	species
House Finch	Carpodacus	mexicanus
Baird's Sparrow	Ammodramus	bairdii
Lincoln's Sparrow	Melospiza	lincolnii
Brewer's Sparrow	Spizella	breweri
Savannah Sparrow	Passerculus	sandwichensis
Grasshopper Sparrow	Ammodramus	savannarum
Curve-billed Thrasher	Toxostoma	curvirostre
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius	ludovicianus
Cactus Wren	Campylorhynchus	brunne i capillus
Common Raven	Corvus	corax
Turkey vulture	Cathartes	aura
Northern Harrier	Circus	cyaneus
American Kestrel	Falco	sparverius
Scaled Quail	Callipepla	squamata
Mourning Dove	Zenaida	macroura

IV. SPECIES EVALUATION

The biological survey was conducted December 6 and 7, 1999 by biologist Dr. Archie M. Dickey and wildlife biologist Janine Spencer. The entire project area was surveyed on foot using transects varying from 25-30m in width. Lists of sensitive species, including those threatened and endangered, with potential occurrence within the project area were obtained from the Arizona Game & Fish and the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service.

T & E Species List

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus Threatened

Affected habitat description: Bald eagles nests primarily along central Arizona rivers on cliffs, pinnacles, live trees and snags.

Analysis of effects: Habitats within the project area are not suitable for bald eagles. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect bald eagle or its habitat.

Affected Habitat description: This species is endemic to Rio Yaqui drainage.

Analysis of effects: The project is outside the range of the Shiner and there is no stream within the project. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect beautiful (Yaqui) shiner or its habitat.

Canelo Hills Ladies' Tresses Spiranthes delitescens Endangered

Affected Habitat description: This plant species occurs in finely grained, highly organic, saturated soils of cienegas in southern Arizona.

Analysis of effects: No cienega habitat occurs within the project area. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Canelo hills ladies' tresses or its habitat.

Cochise pincushion Cactus Coryphantha robbinsorum Threatened

Affected Habitat description: This cactus occurs on gray limestone within the semidesert grassland with small shrubs, succulents, other cacti and grama grasses at an elevation of 4200 feet in Cochise County.

Analysis of effects: There are no limestone outcrops within the project area and no individuals of Cochise pincushion cactus were found.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Cochise pincushion cactus or its habitat.

Affected Habitat description: Gila topminnow historically was one of the most abundant native fish in the Gila River Basin, but now occurs in 11 natural locations in southern Arizona

Analysis of effects: There are no streams within the project area and this species is not known in Cochise county. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Gila topminnow or its habitat.

Huachuca Water Umbel *Lilaeopsis schaffneriana recurva* Endangered

Affected Habitat description: This plant species grows as a semi-aquatic perennial in Cienegas and associated vegetation within Sonoran desertscrub, grasslands or oak woodland and conifer forest between 4000-6500 feet. Requires perennial water, gentle stream gradients and occurs in small to medium-sized drainage in Santa Cruz and Pima Counties.

Analysis of effects: No cienega habitat exists within the project area. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Huachuca water umbel or its habitat.

Panthera onca Endangered Jaguar

Affected Habitat description: Jaguar historically were resident in southeastern Arizona, now only an occasional sighting of individuals from Mexico.

Analysis of effects: No individuals or signs were observed during fieldwork.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect jaguar or its habitat.

Affected Habitat description: Jaguarundi historically were resident in southern and southeastern Arizona in Cochise, Pima and Santa Cruz counties but now there is only an occasional sighting from individuals from Mexico.

Analysis of effects: No individuals or signs were observed during fieldwork.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Jaguarundi or its habitat.

Lesser Long-nosed Bat Leptonycteris curasoae yerbabuenae Endangered

Affected habitat description: This bat is a summer resident of central and southeastern Arizona, usually roosting in large numbers. Lesser long-nosed bats are nectar and pollen feeders on Agave species.

Analysis of effects: No suitable roosting sites occur within the project area, but a small cluster of *Agave palmeri* were found within the project area.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona may affect lesser long-nosed bat but is not likely to adversely affect lesser long-noised bat or its habitat. The *Agave palmeri* cluster should be transplanted outside the project area or protected in place.

Mexican Spotted Owl Strix occidentalis lucida Threatened

Affected habitat description: Mexican spotted owl is found in steep, forested canyons of mountains and high mesas, principally in north-central and eastern Arizona.

Analysis of effects: No suitable habitat within the project site for this owl.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Mexican spotted owl or its habitat.

New Mexico Ridge-nosed Rattlesnake Crotalus willardi obscurus Threatened

Affected habitat description: This subspecies occurs in extreme southwestern New Mexico and may occur in the Chiricahua Mountains.

Analysis of effects: Project area is outside the known range of this species.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect New Mexico ridge-nosed rattlesnake or its habitat.

Northern Aplomado Falcon Falco femoralis septentrionalis Endangered

Affected Habitat description: Northern aplomado falcon was historically found in southeastern Arizona in open yucca-mesquite grasslands. This species is now found in northern Chihuahua, Mexico.

Analysis of effects: Project area outside the present range of this species and no individuals were observed during this field study.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect northern aplomado falcon or its habitat.

Ocelot Felis pardalis Endangered

Affected Habitat description: Ocelots are no longer found in Arizona. They historically occurred in southeastern Arizona to central Arizona.

Analysis of effects: Project area outside the present range of this species and no individuals were observed during this field study.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect ocelot or its habitat.

Sonora Tiger Salamander Ambystoma tigrinum stebbinsi Endangered

Affected Habitat description: This salamander is known from scattered livestock ponds in San Rafael Valley between Huachuca and Patagonia mountains.

Analysis of effects: No suitable habitat occurs within the project area. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Sonora tiger salamander or its habitat.

Southwestern Willow Flycatcher *Empidonax traillii extimus* Endangered

Affected habitat description: Most southwestern willow flycatcher nests are located near standing water or saturated soils in dense riparian habitat.

Analysis of effects: Habitat within the project area is not suitable for Southwestern willow flycatcher. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect southwestern willow flycatcher or its habitat.

Yaqui Catfish Ictalurus pricei Threatened

Affected habitat description: This species is not found in Arizona at present. Some individuals have been reintroduced to the San Bernardino Creek area with little success.

Analysis of effects: No streams occur within the project area. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Yaqui catfish or its habitat.

Yaqui Chub Gila purpurea Endangered

Affected habitat description: This species is restricted to now-occupied areas in the United States and Mexico including Leslie Creek, San Bernardino Creek, and several ponds on the Leslie Creek and San Bernardino NWR's and in West Turkey Creek associated with Willcox Playa drainage.

Analysis of effects: No streams occur within the project area. In addition, no effect is expected on riparian habitat outside the project area due to proposed mitigation of water use by ADVS in conjunction with the city of Sierra Vista.

Determination of effect/recommended mitigation: The Proposed Veterans Cemetery Fort Huachuca, Arizona will not affect Yaqui chub or its habitat.

Summary of Effects of the Proposed Project on TE&S Species

The primary impact of the proposed Veterans Cemetery is a potential disturbance of about 130 acres of wildlife habitat. Actual disturbance could be far less depending on the use of on-site native vegetation vs. planting lawns. There is no foreseeable impact of the project on any individuals of any of the federally listed threatened or endangered species.

The *Agave palmeri* cluster should be transplanted outside the project area or protected in place. Also efforts should be made to transplant cacti and Yucca species when ever possible.

PREPARER:				
I prepared this Biological Assessment and Evaluation.				
Archie M. Dickey, Ph.D.	 Date			
President				
Biozone, Inc.				

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